

T.R. MAY RAISE 12,000 MEN; TO GO AS GENERAL

Volunteers Will Enter as
Special Army Division,
Says Report.

HIS PLANS FORMING FOR SEVERAL MONTHS

It was learned yesterday that Col. Roosevelt is going to ask the Government for permission to raise a division of volunteer soldiers for service in Mexico the minute the war is declared and a call for volunteers sent out.

According to this information, which came from a reliable source and confirms rumors that have been in circulation for several days, the Colonel has completed his plans for raising the division and waits only upon the calling of volunteers to make his offer to Washington. He will ask for a commission as Major-General.

Col. Roosevelt has made his plans after consultation with high military authorities, and they call for a special division of 12,000 men, consisting of four brigades—one of infantry, two of cavalry, one of field artillery, supplemented by aeroplanes, and including engineers, signal corps and hospital corps.

Worked on Plan for Months.

For months the Colonel has had these plans in his head, for weeks he has been working them out to the smallest details, and he has been waiting for an emergency as is expected now across the border, and for the day when the war has been going on in all parts of the country by the United States.

Such of the greater details as the provision of troops have been looked after already, and a declaration of war with Mexico and a call for volunteers will be the signal for an office to be opened in the city, and the President will be asked to grant a commission as Major-General commanding a volunteer division, but his friends say that President Wilson would not oppose it. It was pointed out that the Colonel as an officer in the army would be unable to criticize the administration.

Col. Roosevelt's friends are in a quandary as to the exact status of such a request, as to whether or not the granting of it depends upon the President or upon Congress, and as to the Colonel's age, 57, being a barrier to his acceptance into the army at the head of a body of volunteers.

It has been known for a long time that Col. Roosevelt was anxious to get into the war. It was known weeks ago when he made the declaration that he would come and his four sons and his son-in-law would take the field. When he was stricken with a slight attack of paralysis less than a year ago, he was immediately summoned the best medical counsel he could obtain and retired to Sagamore Hill for a rest cure, his chief physician in mind to get him in shape to lead troops into Mexico if war came.

His selected his officers. Since then he has held innumerable conferences at his home which were generally supposed to be of a political nature, but many of them had to do with the military side of the war. He has selected his officers, and he has selected his men, and he has selected his horses, and he has selected his life and he has selected his plans with him.

These men have left it to be known that Col. Roosevelt believes the organization of the division will be the quickest and most spectacular from the standpoint of efficiency that this country could produce. It is said that the organization will be put into the field with the most modern equipment, with a full quota of machine guns and with motor cavalry, or light troops, and that every man will be picked from among the strong and alert.

Ready well trained. The organization is being largely done among ex-army men and former Rough Riders of the West and Southwest. Many of these men are said to be organized and are now being trained in the headquarters when they are established. Col. Roosevelt is said to have sent out word that he doesn't want any men out of his division who can't read, who can't write, or who can't do any other thing that a soldier should be able to do.

His division, however, will be unlike the Rough Riders in all other respects, for the Colonel is said to have profited by his experience in the Spanish war, and he has stated that his purpose is to have up his division of men who are efficient to the bone.

In the past days requests have poured in upon Col. Roosevelt by the thousands from former enlisted men and others who are anxious to be enrolled in the volunteer division if he should form one. These requests are being handled by telegraph, and the Colonel's friends say that he has carefully sorted out the best from the rest and has notified them that he wanted to get themselves in readiness.

They say that Col. Roosevelt has kept the plans as carefully guarded as he could, because he realized that it was an extraordinary situation—an ex-President of the United States asking a President whom he has bitterly attacked for permission to lead a body of troops, and that he was both to have his name known until it could be carried through to its fruition.

"THE GENERAL" SILENT.

No Comment to Make on Story of
Volunteer Division.

OSTLER BAY, June 27.—"I have no comment to make," was all Col. Roosevelt would say tonight when he was asked about the story of his plans for a volunteer division for service in Mexico. He was asked the question by a reporter who had been told that he was "out of politics."

He will motor into New York tomorrow. He will receive callers at the Hotel Langdon, Fifth avenue and Fifty-sixth street, during the day and in the evening he will dine with Justice Hughes at the Hotel Astor.

"LET THEM COME AND GET 'EM."

Gen. Trevino So Quoted on Demand
for Prisoners' Release.

EL PASO, June 27.—"Let them come and get them," is what Gen. Trevino said when told that the Americans desired the release of the Tenth Cavalry men made prisoners at the battle of Carrizal.

An American who reached the border to-day from Chihuahua says Trevino made these remarks in his presence. He said he had called at the General's office for permission to visit the prisoners, and that while he was there an officer said to the General:

"The Americans have asked for the release of our prisoners."

Then Trevino replied as above, the American says.

WOULD RISK WAR TO REGAIN AUTO

Band of New Mexicans Pre-
vented by U. S. Troops
From Crossing Border.

COLUMBUS, N. M., June 27.—An attempted American raid into Mexico was frustrated on the Arizona border early to-day, when a heavily armed filibustering expedition, organized to cross the line at Sasabe, sixty miles west of Nogales, and bring back an automobile seized by the Mexican authorities, was broken up by the United States military authorities.

Fifteen men, all carrying automatic pistols, rifles or shotguns, quietly advanced toward the border, where a squad of United States infantry barred the road.

Col. W. H. Sage, commanding officer at Nogales, warned the men that a raid into Mexico would be a signal for retaliatory measures by Mexicans that would endanger Americans along the entire border. He said he would have them arrested by United States cavalry at Arivaca if they approached Sasabe armed, and would turn them over for prosecution on a charge of breach of neutrality.

The automobile seized by the Mexicans belongs to J. C. Clay, who arrived at Nogales on Sunday, after an exciting three-day trip from Hermosillo.

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800 LEIPZIG SHOPS LOOTED; MOB FIRED ON

Soldiers Sent and Martial Law
Proclaimed There and
in Brunswick.

LONDON, June 27.—A despatch from Bern says there was serious rioting in Leipzig during the week end. A mob, the despatch says, plundered the shops of the city, and a mob of 500 men, armed with stones and bricks, fired on the soldiers sent to restore order.

The despatch declares that there is a general scarcity of foodstuffs in Bavaria, especially of meat, butter and eggs. The shortage of meat in Munich and Nuremberg was evidenced by riots last week. The security is reported to be increasing.

BRITISH PROTEST TO BERLIN.

Note Complaining of Starvation of
Prisoners Handed In.

LONDON, June 27.—The British protest concerning the alleged starvation of British prisoners at the German prison camp at Ruhleben was presented by Ambassador Gerard at Wilhelmstrasse yesterday. A reply is expected early next week.

PRUSSIAN LOSSES 2,740,196.

Latest Lists Are Believed to Be Ex-
clusive of Verdun.

AMSTERDAM, via London, June 27.—The latest Prussian casualty lists covering the period from June 8 to 26 bring the total of Prussian losses to 2,740,196. This figure is not believed to include the losses at Verdun.

TO RELIEVE AMERICANS.

British Government Hopes to Free
Security From Tax.

LONDON, June 27.—The Foreign Office, in replying to the American Embassy's representations concerning the mobilization of American securities, remarks that there is difficulty in differentiating between Americans and English people in England in the application of the law, but nevertheless the Government hopes to bring the law into line with the two shillings in the pound tax on American securities held in the United States.

CHINA FACES NAVAL REVOLT.

Administration of Navy Seeks
Threat to Government.

SINGAPORE, June 27.—Li Tung-chang, Administrator of the Chinese navy, has notified the British Government that he will lead a revolt of the navy against the Government unless three conditions are complied with.

These conditions are the restoration of the provisional constitution, the convening of the old Parliament, which was dissolved by Yuan Shih-kai, and the formation of a new Cabinet. Admiral Li has with him here four officers and four sailors. The attitude of the officers of eighteen warships stationed elsewhere is not known.

Admiral Li was educated in Europe and is a man of very good reputation in China.

URGENT CALL TO RUSH TROOPS OFF TO BORDER

Gen. Wood Ordered to Get
Guards Away as Fast
as Possible.

HAS 14,061 NOW ON WAY IN TRAINS

Expects to Have All New
York Guards Started
in Five Days.

CAVALRY WILL NOT WAIT FOR HORSES

Men to Complete Equip-
ment When They Reach
Edge of Mexico.

Major-Gen. Leonard Wood, head of the Department of the East, received orders from the War Department last night which left no doubt of the fact that the demand for the National Guard on the border is not only urgent but immediate.

The one command that ran unmitigatedly and emphatically through all the orders that came into headquarters on Governor Island last night was "rush." Every militia organization, not only in this State but throughout the entire Department of the East, is to be hurried to the border in anticipation of the rush orders that came to Governor Island last night.

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CARRANZA WILL NOT FREE U. S. TROOPERS; WILSON MAY SEND ARMY TO RESCUE THEM; THREE N. Y. REGIMENTS OFF; TO RUSH OTHERS

Cheering Crowds as Two
Regiments Leave City
Armories for Service.

BROOKLYN GUARDS START AT PEESKILL

Soldiers Sing at Parting—
Mothers and Brides
See Them Go.

4,000 NOW ON TRAINS; 4,000 LEAVE TO-DAY

Enthusiasm in All Towns
as Guardsmen Pass
Through.

Three regiments of infantry, the Seventh, Fourteenth and Seventy-first, the first militiamen from this State to leave for border service, entrained for Brownsville, Tex., yesterday. The Seventh and Seventy-first regiments, which marched from their armories in this city, received impressive ovations, but the Fourteenth's farewells were confined to the limits of Peekskill, where the Brooklyn organization entrained.

On the heels of the 4,000 men who left yesterday, as many more are ready to go to-day. The orders for departure include the Twelfth Infantry, which has been substituted for the Forty-seventh of Brooklyn. The officers, men, animals and equipment of the Twelfth will leave this morning from the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western terminal at Hoboken, taking the route to Brownsville that was laid out for the Forty-seventh.

The other units scheduled to depart are these: Second Infantry, which will entrain at Camp Whitman at 7 A. M. and travel over the New York Central; First and Second Battalions, First Field Artillery, now at Van Cortlandt Park, which will entrain at Yonkers at noon and be ready to leave for the border in anticipation of the rush orders that came to Governor Island last night.

Major-Gen. John F. O'Ryan, field commander of the New York National Guard, and his staff are expected to leave to-morrow for Brownsville, where the New York division will be encamped for the present.

As he walked through the company streets, flanked by tens and hundreds of cheering men, he was met by a crowd of cheering men, who were shouting "God bless you, God bless you." He was met by a crowd of cheering men, who were shouting "God bless you, God bless you."

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MEXICANS FIRST TO FIRE, SAYS MOREY

Modest Hero of Carrizal Fight
Declares For Centred Fire
on White Officers.

ADAIR DIED IN A DITCH

By GEORGE H. CLEMENTS.
Special Correspondent of THE SUN.

PERSHING'S MEN CAPTURE 40 MEXICANS, IS REPORT

Americans Returning From Base Say They Saw Car-
ranza Soldiers as Prisoners—Trevino Con-
centrating Forces for Hostilities.

EL PASO, Tex., June 27.—Carrizal has been avenged, at least in the number of prisoners taken, if reports brought here to-day from Gen. Pershing's base are true. Americans who left Colonia Dublan yesterday, reaching here this afternoon, said that as they left the camp trucks were arriving filled with Mexican prisoners.

One man said he counted forty prisoners, all Carranza soldiers. He said the escort in charge of the trucks reported that one of the American columns sent to the relief of Capt. Boyd's force, ambushed at Carrizal, had encountered a force of Carranzistas on the Santa Maria River and had killed a large number and made many others prisoners. The truck train coming to the border was about to leave as the prisoners arrived, the Americans said, and they had no time to get any of the details.

Gen. Pershing had not reported the matter officially to-night so far as Gen. Bell, commander at this point, was aware, but it was thought that he might be holding back a report until he could hear from the officer in command of the American forces engaged.

Major John M. Jenkins was in command of the detachment of the Eleventh Cavalry sent to the relief of the Tenth Cavalry victims of the Carrizal fight, but it is not known if his troops or another command of American forces engaged the Carranzistas. It is known that Gen. Pershing has thrown out a number of flankers along his line of communication to prevent Carranzas from moving too close to the American line.

Two more of the American soldiers at Carrizal were accounted for to-day when two negroes of the Tenth Cavalry were brought to Juarez from Guzman. They are now being held as prisoners in the old Federal jail in Juarez in charge of the military. Two men wandered on the desert and finally reached Guzman, where Marcelo Caraveo and his 500 Carranza troops are camped.

The negroes were ragged, their shoes were worn out by their long tramp over the desert country, they were covered with alkali dust and hatless. It is believed that they will be taken to Chihuahua city and placed in the State penitentiary with the Carranza prisoners. Juarez officials declined to make any comment regarding the prisoners.

Mystery shrouds the Carranza military movements in northern Mexico and American officials are unable to fathom their plans. Following the first excitement on the border after the Carrizal battle the military garrison in Juarez began to leave by trainloads and reports came later that these forces and others had disintegrated at Villa Ahumada, eighty-three miles south of Juarez, on the Mexican Central, and that they were retreating toward the border.

To-day Americans reaching Juarez on a military train that arrived from Chihuahua said they did not see any large forces of Mexicans anywhere along the Mexican Central, although

they confirmed the report that heavily loaded troop trains had been moving out of Chihuahua northward.

There is but one conclusion for military men, and that is that these forces have been disintegrating somewhere south of Juarez, either for the purpose of breaking Gen. Pershing or to make their way overland by wagon roads to the American border for the purpose of striking east or west of El Paso in the event of open hostilities.

Adding to the puzzle is the fact that Juarez is being garrisoned by 150 mounted men, left when the rest of the garrison evacuated the town last Friday and Saturday, have been added to recently until there are again 700 men in the Mexican border city, according to estimates of American military officers.

These men are for the most part ex-Villistas, recalled to the last few days to the Carranza ranks from the Laguna region about Torreon on promise of service against the Americans. Prior to that time they had been active against Carranza.

While the number is insignificant, the garrison, numbering only about 700 men, is considered as a positive menace to the border, as these men constitute a lawless element, under little or no restraint, and are capable of any crime.

It is feared that all of the old Villistas will be sent to the border and that in the event of an open break the battle will be fought on the border, and the Carranza army would be given command of its old territory in the north, with Juarez as its headquarters.

For more than one week the possibility of a large force of Villistas has been received in Washington more than a month ago and that the War Department considered the possibility of concentrating a large force of Villistas along the northern border, a serious situation, which can be met only by taking Juarez and the territory south of the border, an army officer said to-night.

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